

FOR SALE—65 acres under the Grand Canal, four miles from town. Price \$1750. E. E. Pascoe, 110 North Center street.

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

\$1,830 buys a neat five room brick cottage, lot 56x137 1/2 feet, east front, located in Churchill add. Small payment down; balance easy monthly installments. E. E. Pascoe, 110 N. Center.

FOURTEENTH YEAR.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1903.

VOL. XIV. NO. 207

TIME WAS SAVED

That Much Accomplished by the House

NOTHING NOW BUT WORK

The Easy Transition in the Senate From One Session to the Other—The Cuban Reciprocity Measure is to be Taken up at Once.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The house will convene in regular session tomorrow. Much has been gained by the special session and the work of the regular session will be advanced fully two weeks, as ordinarily it requires the time up to the adjournment for the holiday recess to complete the organization of the house. Now it only remains for the committees, a list of which was completed yesterday, to meet and organize, when the house will be ready to proceed at once with regular legislative work.

It will not be impossible to pass the general appropriation bill before the recess is taken and some of the house leaders hope to accomplish this. Pending the reports from the committees, the house will take up such matters as may be brought before it for consideration by unanimous consent but the real work will not begin until the committees have had time to act on the measures referred to them. It is understood by members of the house that the president's message will be sent to congress on Tuesday. Its reading will be the principal event in the house.

It is expected that the Christmas recess will be taken about December 22, and that on reassembling in the new year the house will get to work in earnest preparatory to early final adjournment as possible.

CUBAN BILL VOTE DEC. 18.
The senate tomorrow will pass quietly from extraordinary session into the first regular session of the 58th congress that the change will be made.

scarcely be realized. In accordance with the terms of Saturday's adjournment resolution the hour of meeting was 11:30 a. m. when the usual morning business will be transacted. At 12 o'clock Senator Fry, as president pro tem, will announce that the time for convening the regular session has arrived, the special session shall stand adjourned. Regular routine of business then will be proceeded with as if there had been no interruption.

NO SERIOUS TROUBLE.

Only the Doctors Do Not Know When Wilhelm Will Be Able to Talk.

London, Dec. 6.—The Daily Mail understands there is reason to fear a recurrence of Emperor Wilhelm's throat trouble and that it may be many weeks before the emperor regains the use of his voice, although the doctors are agreed that the trouble is not of a serious character.

FIRM BUT FRIENDLY

Mitchell and Peabody Have a Meeting

Nothing Having a Tendency to End the Southern Colorado Coal Strike Resulted From It.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 6.—John Mitchell and Governor Peabody had a conference today, but the settlement of the strike in the coal field is as distant as ever.

The meeting was pleasant on both sides and each said afterward that he had a better conception of the other's position.

Mitchell firmly informed Governor Peabody that the strike will continue to the bitter end, and the governor told him just as positively that he would tolerate no violence, but would order out the troops on the first provocation.

Mr. Mitchell left for Chicago at the end of the conference. He is undecided whether he will return to Colorado.

KANSAS CITY MARKETS

A Review of the Prices and Conditions Last Week.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 6.—Cattle receipts at Kansas City last week amounted to 41,400 head, including 4,200 calves. Thursday cut down the receipts. Western range cattle also dropped off, as is usual the latter part of November, but receipts of range cattle were by no means small, however. Western feed steers closed the week 10 to 15 cents to the head and ranged from 3.00 to 4.10. Steer stuff, on the other hand, came in for a few knocks from buyers and lost 10 to 20 cents. Most sales ranged from 2.00 to 2.65. Canners lost meat. Stockers and feeders had a fair week, with free movement, but with little change in prices. Speculators held over very few cattle. Prices ranged from 2.50 to 3.40. Stock calves were plentiful and had little urgent demand. Cattle receipts yesterday were relatively small, at 10,000 head, and buyers were early in the field. Prices were 10 cents higher all around.

Trains were slow in arriving down the buyers took them as fast as they arrived.

Firm markets are still the rule in the sheep division, although last week

showed some weakness at the close. Yesterday, however, the market was 10 cents higher on fat stuff and strong on feeders. The run last week was light at 26,300, which was also the number received the same week last year. Western lambs that are coming are not good enough for killers as a rule, and go as feeders mostly. Yesterday, though, a shipment of lambs from Roswell, Colo., brought 5.27 1/2, top of the market. This sale was 15 cents higher, and L. J. Finch was the fortunate shipper. Some 30 pound Mexican weathers sold at 3.50 yesterday, also, originating at Trinidad. Feeding Mexican yearlings bring 3.50, lambs 3.60 to 3.90, with a continuous demand.

TO OBLIGE MEXICO.

Murderer Held at Los Angeles to Be Delivered.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The state department has issued a warrant for the surrender to the Mexican authorities of Rafael Flores, charged with murder committed in Chihuahua and held under arrest at Los Angeles, Cal.

A CRANK UNDER RESTRAINT.

New York, Dec. 6.—Arthur S. Pulsifer, a paper hanger of this city who recently went to Washington and sought to see President Roosevelt, to get permission to paper the walls of the senate chamber, was placed in the Psychopathic ward of Bellevue hospital today for observation.

ENGLAND NEEDS TIBET.

In No Other Way Can She Save India.

Vienna, Dec. 6.—Prof. Vambery, in an article in Die Zeit on the possibility that British expeditions to Tibet will lead to international complications, declares that Great Britain must acquire Tibet unless she wishes to lose India.

A STOCKMAN QUITS.

Dallas, Texas, Dec. 6.—R. Gatewood, a stockman of Emis, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, placing his liabilities at \$200,000 and his assets at \$125,000. The heaviest creditors are Gregory, Coker and company, of Chicago, \$100,000.

CHINO-AMERICAN TREATY

It Will Be Signed but the Russians Will Make it of Little Effect.

London, Dec. 7.—The Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post says: "It is possible that the treaty between the United States and China for the opening of Mukden and Antung will be ratified immediately, but I have good reasons to believe that the benefits of the treaty to foreign trade will be nullified by Russian influence."

The Daily Mail's Tien Tsin correspondent says that the Russians have expelled the Chinese officials from the treasury at Mukden and have installed themselves in their places.

NERVY TELEGRAPH GIRL

She Kills an Outlaw in a Lonely Tower.

Thacker, W. Va., Dec. 6.—Alone in the railway tower here last night, while performing her duties as telegraph operator for the Norfolk and Western railroad, Miss Kate Rouburgh, 29 years old, shot and mortally wounded Wm. Howardson, an alleged outlaw. Howardson had entered the tower and attempted to embrace Miss Rouburgh.

Breaking away from him, she secured her revolver and fired four shots at the intruder. One shot took effect, penetrating Howardson's chest. Then, after deliberately relating her experience to the telegraph operator at the next station, Miss Rouburgh walked a quarter of a mile in darkness to a magistrate's house and surrendered. She was released on her own recognizance.

Highly Improved Suburban Ranch.

60 acres highly improved, all in alfalfa, 10 room house, windmill, running water, bath rooms and all modern conveniences. At great bargain.

Several extra good bargains in 20 and 40 acre highly improved ranches.

Ample funds loaned at lowest rates to assist purchasers. Homeseekers cheerfully furnished with full information.

DWIGHT B. HEARD

Geo. E. Godfrey, Prop. Expert cleaning, dyeing and repair of ladies and gents' garments.

23 South First ave., phone Red 533.

GRIEF OF ELKS

Annual Memorial Exercises of the Order

CELEBRATION IN PHOENIX

Dorris Theater Was Filled Yesterday Afternoon with Sympathetic Friends for Whom a Beautiful Programme Had Been Prepared—At Prescott.

The annual ceremonial exercises of the R. P. O. E. were held in Phoenix yesterday and they were held all over the world where the members of the Elks have established themselves. The Phoenix ceremonies took place at the Dorris theater, which on no other occasion has ever been so elaborately decorated. There was a profusion of flowers everywhere, chrysanthemums mingling with palms and smilax. The purple color of the order was intertwined with the national colors, for of all the secret orders there is none more patriotic than the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. The altar-stone, which had been carried from the lodge room, was covered with an American flag as it is always covered in the lodge room. There depended from the gallery rails festoons of purple and white and across the front of the stage there was an immense American flag.

The ceremonies began at 2 o'clock. The members of the order, preceded by a band, marched from their hall to the theater by a circuitous route. The theater was already well filled before the arrival of the brotherhood and when all were at last seated every chair was occupied.

The programme was an excellent one in which the musical features predominated. The opening number was "Consolation," rendered by Smith's orchestra, whose service, by the way, was gratuitous. Then followed the beginning of the ceremonial according to the ritual. This is always impressive but it was made more so yesterday by a beautiful mechanical arrangement.

Upon what seemed to be a white tent-stone there appeared the names of the three dead members in letters of black. F. H. Lyman, the exalted ruler, having described the custom which had brought surviving members of the brotherhood together throughout the world, he then proceeded to call the roll of the absent members. When the name of the first, J. E. Finley, was called, the black letters turned to letters of fire and when the name had been called three times the letters turned black again. It was so with the names of Sam Korrick and Carl Young.

Following the opening ode of the order there was an invocation by Rev. Dr. Lewis Halsey, but both were preceded by a violin solo, "Violets," by Ben R. Smith, a sweet wailing for the dead. There was another number by the orchestra, followed by "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere," by quartet consisting of Messrs. Wilson, Todd, Swain, and Donnell.

The next incident of the program was one of the principal addresses by George Purdy Bullard, in memory of the dead. Mr. Bullard began by reciting the beautiful eulogy of the departed, which were more to the members of the order than to the spectators. To the latter the beautiful flowers and the music appealed to the senses but on this day set apart in the calendar of Elksdom flowers and song were outward manifestations of the beautiful character of the departed members. While flowers should be sung the memories of the dead should be cherished by those who survived. The world should be taught to emulate their virtues but the mantle of charity should be draped over their faults.

Mr. Bullard regretted that he had not so well known Messrs. Finley and Young as it had been his pleasure to know Mr. Korrick, but he said their records were clear in the lodge and thus it had been shown that they were good Elks and had a good Elks to be their brother. He believed that members of the order who had faithfully followed its tenets in this life would meet again in another and a happier world where the spirit of fraternalism would have a more prominent place than in this world.

But he had a pleasant tribute to Mr. Korrick, whom he had known, not only as an Elks, but as a dear friend, the beauties of whose character had been impressed upon the whole community. His charity was wide but unostentatious. His love of his fellow men had not been narrowed down to the walls of the lodge room. His integrity had been of the unswerving kind and when he had died the grief of his friends and brethren had been shared by all who had ever been brought into contact with him.

"God rest your soul, Sam Korrick," was the beautiful voice of a young speaker; "in a happier world, if I am deserving of entrance into it, I believe that my friendship begun with you here will be renewed."

The address of Mr. Bullard was followed by a solo by Mrs. W. N. Tiffany, "My Redeemer and My Lord," and after a number by the orchestra the other address of the day, "The Brotherhood of Elks," was delivered by W. B. Cleary, who said: "The hands of time have been turned back for this day; the past is again present and the dead live again." The thought brought out by Mr. Cleary that whatever the character of the dead members of the order was worthy had been presented to the world for emulation. There must have been something in them worthy of emulation otherwise they could not have been members of the order whose purpose is to develop what is worthiest in man. Upon one corner it is supported by Charity, the noblest of virtues;

upon another it rests upon Justice, by which is brought out the noblest character of man. Another cornerstone is Brotherly Love, and all these rest upon the one firm base of Fidelity without which men could not be faithful to one another and they could not be faithful to God.

It is the object of Elksdom, said Mr. Cleary, to bring out these qualities and keep them alive. In the fierce competition of life man's charity might be worn away; his sense of justice might become distorted and the brotherly love of his fellow men might be lost. He is taught not to forget, at every meeting of the order and when the members of it are brought together in ordinary relations of life their duties to each other and so their duties to all mankind are again impressed upon them afresh. They are kept in sympathetic touch with each other.

The address of Mr. Cleary was followed by a duet by Mrs. W. N. Tiffany and Mr. Dowd Daggett, "Love Divine, All Loves Excelling," and by "Monastery Bells" by the orchestra. Then came the concluding ceremonies and the benediction pronounced by Dr. in singing "Nearer My God to Thee," Mrs. S. F. Craven, accompanist.

THE ELKS OF PRESCOTT.

The Annual Eulogy Upon Dead Members of the Order.

Prescott, Dec. 6. (Special).—The annual memorial exercises of the Elks of Prescott took place at three o'clock this afternoon at the Congregational church. The principal address of eulogy was delivered by Brother Dennis A. Exalted Ruler, Beloved Brother Elks and visiting friends: This is the Elks' memorial day. By the constitution and laws of our noble order, this, the first Sunday in the month of December, is dedicated and set apart each year as memorial day, as a session of sorrow.

Standing upon this bank and shore of time, profoundly grateful to that Supreme Being, whom we all recognize, that during the past year only one dear brother has left our ranks and gone to the further shore, we may, this day felicitate ourselves that our beloved order greets the coming of another memorial anniversary serene and intact, and if there is only one dear brother for whom today we are wont to weave a garland, we may, nevertheless, weave chaplets of flowers of sunshine to gladden the hearts of the living.

Brother William E. Deves, initiated into our order April 4, 1890, died December 24, 1892, aged 33 years. He was an Elk in all that the word implies. As an Elk he always wrote his brother's faults upon the sand, cherished his virtues upon the tablets of memory. His memory shall be cherished; and a more appropriate paean here and there he had a moment and lay a humble chaplet upon the grave of the great founder of our noble order—a grateful, tender word of tribute to the memory and character of Charles Algonon Sidney Vivian? This distinguished brother was born in England in 1846. Came to this country in the flower of young manhood. Founded the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks in 1865, but for some reason was never made its Grand Exalted Ruler, and died at Leadville, Colo., March 20, 1880, of pneumonia. Thus he died whilst yet in youth's enchanter kingdom, ere the roses of life's purpling hills began to fade, and the friends of his youth were about him. Possessed of a genial, buoyant disposition, a sunny and companionable nature, a heart as tender as a woman's, a sympathy so all-pervading as to extend aid to a crippled bird, and a soul so pure and brave that it knew no fear and suspected no guile.

He is said to have possessed a bright and cultured intellect and gave much promise of the golden fruitage of true greatness in the high approaching maturity of life. But his rarest, richest gift was the genius of song. He had a wonderful voice and sang in sweet strains songs of tender, weird, fascinating magic that touched the heart, captivated the ear and won the affectionate regard of his companions. The gifted and lamented William Buchanan wrote from Leadville, in the spring of 1880, that when Vivian died the whole population, including the grizzled miners, turned out to his funeral. No wonder that such a man founded the noblest order in all the calendar of charities.

Sir, we believe in spiritual as well as material forces. Of the noble founder of the Elks, the peerless Vivian, physically dead, but his spirit still survives in the halls of Elksdom, inciting all our brother Elks to a higher, purer and happier life. Aye, Vivian! Our brother is not dead! and today we lay upon his grave this immortal: "The noblest order in all the calendar of charities."

In the great Corcoran art gallery at Washington city, is a picture of Charlotte Corday standing behind the guillotine, rusty old iron bars of her prison cell—on the eve of her execution. There she stands with one dainty hand clasping the rusty iron bar—the most marvellous picture of heroic, classic beauty ever drawn by the hand of divine art, or painted by the inspired pen of poetic genius. At first you see nothing remarkable about this picture. There she stands, a plain, but matchless beauty, looking down, looking full in the face with unquivering nerve, her great liquid blue eyes beam all heaven in their steady glance, the only sign of pain being the slightest pinch at the center of her arching eyebrows. But the longer you gaze upon that picture the more enchanting it becomes; the more you look to love and admire, for it is a true picture of a deathless character, to which heroism could hardly add a chapter, over which virtue could scarce breathe a sigh, and to which beauty herself would blush to lend a charm. Thus you gaze upon this picture until fancy weaves its weird, subtle meshes and Charlotte Corday stands before you in the full flush of vital, matchless, royal womanhood—the queen of all Earth's uncrowned queens.

And so it is with our noble order. The more its grand principles are

OKLAHOMA RAILROAD PROJECT.

Line Intended to Link Santa Fe and Choctaw Systems.

Guthrie, O. T., Dec. 6.—The Colorado Oklahoma and Southwestern railroad was incorporated here today by Oklahoma capitalists with \$1,000,000 capital stock. The new line is to be 100 miles long, passing through Woodward, Day, Dewey, Custer, Washita, Caddo and Comanche counties and connecting with the Santa Fe in Woodward county and the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf at Weatherford.

It is understood that the Santa Fe will take the project off the incorporators' hands as soon as the right of way and bonuses have been decided.

FIND RELIC IMBEDDED IN COAL.

Pittsburg, Kansas, Dec. 6.—An interesting find, which will attract much attention from students of archaeology, has been made by miners in a new shaft sunk by the West Junction Coal company on the Rex farm, south of Cherokee. Imbedded in the first clay below the second vein at a depth of 50 feet was a box made of oak, which contained three arrow heads crudely made of flint. The box was fossilized.

ZION NOT INSOLVENT

Dowie Shows Satisfactory Statement to Creditors

It is Probable That a Plan of Settlement Proposed by Him Will Be Accepted To-day.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—By a stroke of diplomacy John Alexander Dowie has established harmony in Zion, and among its receivers and creditors in and out of the courts. He proposes to settle with his immediate creditors, to arrange with others on reasonable time basis and to end the receivership.

At a conference today between attorneys representing the heaviest creditors, and Jacob Newman for the receivers, Dowie showed the lawyers a statement setting forth Zion's assets and liabilities. He declared that he valued Zion's assets at \$14,000,000, and all liabilities. He exhibited large orders for lace and candy. He said that neither the lace nor candy factory had been ordered to supply its orders. He showed an order for seven carloads of candy from a Cincinnati firm. He showed a draft for \$50,000 from wealthy well wishers and he declared he could draw for \$200,000 more on one of Zion's friends in Wisconsin.

Mr. Dowie's presentation of figures and his offers of a settlement were satisfactory to the attorneys. His plan will be submitted tomorrow at a meeting of the receivers, their attorneys and the creditors' attorneys, and it is said that it will be accepted.

In that event the creditors will join hands with Dowie in a plea to Judge Kohlsaat to dismiss the pending litigation and permit Dowie freedom to gather his funds and cancel his obligations.

CAN "GO" NOW.

Was Formerly Robbed of Her Energy by Coffee.

The wife of a Virginia clergyman tells her coffee story thus: "One year I was a nervous wreck and was a part of the time and dragging myself around the house."

My skin looked like a dead hickory leaf, no appetite, weight 112 pounds, no energy and I suffered most of the time with most dreadful headaches, or nervous chills or spasms and could not bear the Postum excitement.

"At one time my left hand was drawn to my shoulder and for 9 days could not be moved away and I had often laid for 6 to 8 weeks under the care of our best physicians. I had been like this for 6 years and it seemed a cure could not be effected and I could only get temporary relief. My case was pronounced nervousness but that was as far as we could get."

"All this time I had been a slave to coffee, thought I could not live without drinking 2 to 5 cups a day although my husband used to beg me to give it up and give Postum. Just think that I always put him off with 'O I don't think I'll like it, it will do me no good.'"

"He was so persistent I finally decided to try Postum, although I thought the very idea of a good coffee made from cereals was absurd."

"At first I did not like it so very well, but soon found it was not boiled long enough to make it good; after a few days the terrible headaches disappeared and I felt so full of energy, I was astonished. I grew to love Postum and have used it continually since then and words can never express the good it has done me."

"I never know what it is to have a headache, have not had a nervous attack for 11 months, now weigh 142 1/2, my complexion is clear and my friends say I never looked so well. I do not suffer a day's sickness and can do all my housework. Just think that for 6 years I spent more than half my time in bed, never able to keep up more than a few days at a time and all that suffering came from coffee."

"My restored health seems to me almost miraculous, but I know there is nothing miraculous about it, just common sense from giving up coffee and giving Postum a fair trial and I don't hesitate to tell my friends all about it."

"I have a baby girl two years old who for the past year has used Postum in her bottle instead of milk. She is a large and healthy child and if we give her milk she will hand it back and cry for Postum. My husband has also been greatly benefited by Postum and nowadays we never have coffee in our house but you will always find plenty of Postum in the pantry."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

(Continued on Page Five.)

THINGS MADE

Demand Abroad for Manufactures of the U. S.

EXPORTS FOR OCTOBER

Though There Was a Gain in Volume Over the Same Month in Other Years the Business in Iron and Steel Fell off Considerably.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Exports of manufactures in October seem to show something of the expected revival in that branch of our foreign commerce. The total exports of manufactures in October, as shown by the reports of the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, amount to \$47,555,675. This is a larger export than in any preceding October, except October 1899, when the total for exports of manufactures was \$48,000,000. The increase over October, 1902, is about \$1,500,000; over October, 1901, \$3,000,000, and is more than double the total for October, 1892. Most of the principal articles of manufacture show a slight increase in October, 1903, compared with October, 1902. Agricultural implements show a gain of over \$40,000, compared with the same month of the preceding year, cars and carriages about \$25,000; clocks and watches \$15,000; copper manufactures \$120,000; steel rails \$12,000; wire \$35,000; sewing machines \$75,000; iron and steel manufactures of all kinds \$318,000; boots and shoes \$156,000; leather of all kinds \$479,000; mineral oil \$464,000; manufactures of tobacco \$50,000; manufactures of wood \$50,000; and manufactures of wool \$140,000. Cotton manufactures show a slight reduction, the total exports for October, 1903, being \$2,000,000, against \$2,239,976 in October the previous year. This reduction occurs almost exclusively in exports of cotton cloth to China, which the total for October, 1903, was \$2,000,000, valued at \$144,156, against 29,472,879 yards, valued at \$1,036,726 in October, 1902. The figures for October, 1903, however, compare favorably with those of the corresponding month in years preceding 1900, and the exports of cotton cloth to China were extraordinarily large by reason of the small importations during the disturbances of 1901.

On the import side manufactures show a slight decrease as compared with October, 1902. Articles of voluntary use, luxuries etc. are for October, 1903, \$11,242,417, against \$11,674,126 in October, 1902. Articles manufactured ready for consumption in October, 1903, are \$14,375,375, against \$14,549,799 in the corresponding month of last year. And articles wholly or partially manufactured from use as materials in the manufactures and machine arts are \$12,842,850 against \$12,348,145. Iron and steel manufactures, of which the importations had been unusually large, show a marked reduction, the total for October, 1903, being \$3,552,389, against \$4,149,621 in October of last year. Articles in a crude condition for use in manufactures also show a reduction in October, 1903, as compared with October, 1902, in which the total was the largest for October in the history of our import trade.

The figures of exports of manufactures for the ten months ending with October show a condition, quite satisfactory as those relating to the month of October only. As has already been indicated, the October exports of manufactures are larger than those for the corresponding month of any preceding year except 1900, and this may also be said of the ten months ending with October, in which the exports of manufactures were \$284,688,560, a larger total than for the corresponding ten months at any earlier year except 1900.

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